## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method for the dewatering of sludge wherein the sludge comprising

is adjusted adjusting the concentration of the sludge to a pumpable concentration by addition of water,

is flushed flushing the sludge through a pipeline to a dewatering field,

is mixed mixing the sludge with an aqueous solution of a polymeric flocculating agent while it the sludge is being transported,

is sedimented allowing the sludge to settle in the dewatering field to form a sediment and partly freed freeing the sludge of supernatant and/or drainage water and then subjected subjecting the sludge to natural evaporative drying.

characterized in that wherein the flocculation is achieved with polymeric flocculating agent is a water-soluble, anionic, polymeric flocculating agent.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): A The method according to claim 1, characterized in that wherein the anionic polymeric flocculating agent is formed from anionic and wherein nonionic monomers and acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, itaconic acid, maleic acid, fumaric acid, vinylsulfonic acid, acrylamidoalkanesulfonic acids, vinylphosphonic acid and/or their salts with alkalis, ammonia, (alkyl)amines or alkanolamines or mixtures of these monomers are used as the anionic monomers[[,]] and in that wherein acrylamide, methacrylamide, acrylonitrile, hydroxyalkyl esters of acrylic and methacrylic acid, vinylpyrrolidone or vinylacetamide or mixtures of these monomers are used as the nonionic monomers.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, and 2, eharacterized in that <u>wherein</u> a polyacrylamide formed from polymerized acrylamide and acrylic acid units is used as the polymeric flocculating agent.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 3, eharacterized in that wherein the polymeric flocculating agent contains 1 to 40 wt% of integrally polymerized anionic monomer constituents.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A The method according to claim 1, to 4, eharacterized in that wherein the polymeric flocculating agents have a weight-average molecular weight Mw of higher than  $1.0 \times 10^7$ .

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 5, eharacterized in that <u>wherein</u> at least two different anionic flocculating agents are used.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 6, eharacterized in that wherein the polymeric flocculating agent is added in a proportion of 0.02 wt% to 2 wt% relative to the solids content of the sludge.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 7, eharacterized in that <u>wherein</u> the polymeric flocculating agent is used in the form of an aqueous solution with a concentration of lower than 2 wt%.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 8, eharacterized in that wherein the polymer solution is prepared from a powdery polymer.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 9, eharacterized in that wherein the sludge to be treated was obtained from rivers, harbors, the sea floor or sandbanks.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to-10, eharacterized in that wherein the sludge to be dewatered contains at least 50 wt% of fine particles in the size range of 0.06 mm or smaller.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 11, eharacterized in that wherein the sludge to be dewatered is adjusted to a density of 1.04 to 1.15 metric tons per m<sup>3</sup> by addition of water.

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 12, eharacterized in that wherein the flocculating agent is metered into the pipeline over a section between the outlet to the dewatering field and 150 m ahead of the outlet.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 13, eharacterized in that wherein a measuring device in the pipeline determines the sludge concentration, calculates the quantity of flocculating agent therefrom and initiates metering of the flocculating-agent solution.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): A The method according to claim 1, to 14, eharacterized in that wherein the sludge treated with the flocculating agent has a density of 1.25 to 1.35 metric tons per m<sup>3</sup> after dewatering and before natural evaporative drying.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 15, eharacterized in that wherein the natural evaporative drying is accelerated by mechanically turning the sludge.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 16, <del>characterized</del> in that wherein the mechanical turning is achieved by means of rotary hoes.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended): A The method according to claim 1, to 17, eharacterized in that wherein the evaporative drying of the sludge is continued to a density of at least 1.45 metric tons per m<sup>3</sup>.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 18, <del>characterized</del> in that wherein the sludge has a vane shear strength of greater than 25 kN/m<sup>2</sup>.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended): A <u>The</u> method according to claim 1, to 19, eharacterized in that wherein the dewatered and dried sludge is mixed with clays and/or slaked lime and/or cement in proportions of 1 to 15 wt% each.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended): <u>A dewatered Dewatered</u> sludge <u>prepared</u> according to <del>one of claims 1 to 20</del> the method as claimed in Claim 1.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended): The use of the dewatered sludge according to claim

1 to 21 as A building material comprising the dewatered sludge prepared according to the

method as claimed in Claim 1.